



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/177,572	10/23/1998	YOSHIHIRO TERASHIMA	35.C13035	3325
5514 75	7590 12/03/2004		EXAMINER	
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO			NGUYEN, KEVIN M	
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10112			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2674	211
	•		DATE MAILED: 12/03/2004	74

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/177,572	TERASHIMA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kevin M. Nguyen	2674			
The MAILING DATE of this communica		th the correspondence address			
Period for Reply		ONTH(S) EDOM			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of the Information of the provision of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recation. lays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON. by statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. SANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	on <u>21 May 2004</u> .				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)	is action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice	under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>17 and 18</u> is/are pending in th	ne application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are	withdrawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>17 and 18</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 May 2004</u> is	/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objec	ted to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection	on to the drawing(s) be held in abeyan	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	e correction is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	y the Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	•				
 Certified copies of the priority do 	cuments have been received.				
Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been received in A	pplication No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of	the priority documents have been	received in this National Stage			
application from the Internationa		•			
* See the attached detailed Office action for	or a list of the certified copies not	received.			
	•				
Attachment(s)	_				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO 		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT	O/SB/08) 5) 🔲 Notice of Ir	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:	<u>_·</u>			

Art Unit: 2674

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Interview summary dated 18 August 2004, agreed to withdraw the office action sent on 25 June 2004 based on Suspension of action under 37 CFR 1.103(c) for a period of three months until 15 September 2004.
- 2. Interview summary dated 20 August 2004, the indicated allowability of claims 17 and 18 is withdrawn in view of the previously discovered references to Kuwata et al (US 5,900,857) in view of Iwasaki (US 4,745,485). Rejections based on the previously cited references follow.

Drawings

3. The drawing was received on 05/21/2004. This drawing is acknowledged and approved.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kuwata et al (US 5,900,857) in view of Iwasaki (US 4,745,485).
- 6. As to claim 17, Kuwata et al teach a memory controller comprising a writing FIFO 2 (a first FIFO section, fig. 1) storing the image data of "a" x "2n"-bit width, where "a" is a size of the inputted bit width, "n" is a positive integer number,

Art Unit: 2674

and 2 x "n" makes an even bit (see col. 13, lines 61-67, a capacity required for DRAM 3 is 3x5x138,240=2,073,600 bits);

a DRAM 3 (a frame memory section, fig 1), a reading FIFO 5 (a second FIFO section, fig. 1);

the writing FIFO 2 (the first FIFO section, fig. 1) is of a size suitable for storing image data so that, within a period for inputting the image data in the writing FIFO 2 (the first FIFO section, fig. 1) to FULL capacity (col. 13, lines 61-67, a capacity required for DRAM 3 is 3x5x138,240=2,073,600 bits). A memory control section 9 (fig. 1) and a memory control section 4 (fig. 1) perform the function of writing the image data into the frame memory, reading out the image data from the frame memory and executing a command of frame memory section are conducted (see detail in col. 11, lines 59 through col. 12, lines 27).

Accordingly, Kuwata et al teaches all of the claimed limitations of claim 17, except for "...a serial/parallel conversion...wherein the image data is read out from...written into said frame memory section, and read out from said frame memory section, at a rate that is half of a rate at which the image data..."

However, Iwasaki teaches a related memory controller which includes a serial/parallel conversion 2 (see figure 1).

Further, Iwasaki teaches "more specifically, the writing time and the reading time for one frame are equal and in the reading operation, for the upper display are 11, the video signal of the frame being presently written is read out and for the lower display area 12, the video signal one frame ahead thereof is read out. Since the picture signal is

Art Unit: 2674

applied to the driver 9 at a speed equal to a half of the writing speed to the frame memories 4 and 5" (see col. 5, lines 55-63), as best understood.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to substitute the serial/parallel conversion (2) taught by Iwasaki for Kuwata's frame modulation dither circuit (1) and to modify Kuwata's frame memory (DRAM 3) including half speed of write into and read out from the frame memory, in view of the teaching in Iwasaki's reference because these would provide the picture that is represented stably even if it is a moving picture as taught by Iwasaki (col. 5, lines 65-66).

7. As to claim 18, Iwasaki teach a liquid crystal panel 10, a decoder 31, and the memory controller 18 (see figure 7).

Response to Arguments

- 8. Applicant's arguments, see page 8, last new paragraph through page 9, filed 15 April 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 9. In response to applicant's argument states specifically "the image data is read out from the frame memory 3 in half the rate of writing into the frame memory," recited in claim 17 at page 9. This argument is not persuasive because Iwasaki teaches "more specifically, the writing time and the reading time for one frame are equal and in the reading operation, for the upper display are 11, the video signal of the frame being presently written is read out and for the lower display area 12, the video signal one frame ahead thereof is read out. Since the picture signal is applied to the driver 9 at a speed equal to a half of the writing speed to the frame memories 4 and 5" (see col. 5,

Art Unit: 2674

lines 55-63). These arguments are not persuasive because the modified teaching of lwasaki's reference provides the "substantial evidence" and established a prima facie case to produce and result the claimed limitation "the image data is read out from the frame memory 3 in half the rate of writing into the frame memory."

10. Applicant's argument states "claim 17 is patentable over these two patents, taken separately or in any proper combination," at page 9, lines 5-6. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, examiner does provide a motivation at end of each obvious statement for combining references.

For these reasons, the rejections based on Kuwata et al and Iwasaki have been maintained.

Conclusion

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Kevin M. Nguyen** whose telephone number is **703-305-6209**. The examiner can normally be reached on MON-THU from 9:00-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Richard A Hjerpe** can be reached on **703-305-4709**.

Art Unit: 2674

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered response should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

Kevin M. Nguyen Patent Examiner Art Unit 2674

KN November 18, 2004

> XIAO WU PRIMARY EXAMINER